

## IDENTITY OF KIMMEL STILL WORRIES TOWN

Woman, After Fifth Interview, Still Uncertain if He Is Her Son Lost Years Ago.

### FINDS MANY DISCREPANCIES

Residents of Niles, Mich., Unable to Decide if Auburn Convict Really Is an Impostor.

Niles, Mich., Sept. 21.—"A modern Rip Van Winkle, who has so changed that his townspeople may never be able positively to identify him, or another Samuel Brohl," was Niles's verdict today in the case of George A. Kimmel, who represents himself to be a man for thirteen years given up as dead, yet who asserts he is the son of Mrs. Estella Kimmel, who already has received life insurance on the supposed death of her son.

Mrs. Kimmel today reiterated her doubt as to the man's kinship to her after strange contradictions in an effort to identify him. For the fifth time, after scrutinizing his features, she asserted her inability to recognize him. Other persons maintained that he was undoubtedly the Kimmel who disappeared and who was given up as having been killed either in St. Louis, Omaha or New York.

What was considered remarkable was that the stranger failed to give any clue that would absolutely fix his identity among persons who, he said, had known him for thirty-five years before his disappearance and subsequent imprisonment in the penitentiary at Auburn, N. Y. The defects which Mrs. Kimmel found in the man's claim on her as mother were:

His hands are smaller than those of her son, and he has not a particularly thick thumb which was noticeable in her son.

He is not as tall as was her son.

His facial expression is different, particularly his chin does not protrude as much.

His eyes are gray, whereas her son's were dark brown.

His handwriting does not at all resemble that of her son.

Yet, despite this, "Kimmel" continued to relate facts about the early family history which Mrs. Kimmel said, puzzled her. Several old residents of Niles appeared before "Kimmel." Some of these he called by name, while others he could not recognize.

Andrew J. Hunt, of Arkansas City, Kan., who said he knew the real Kimmel at Arkansas City, said this man was not Kimmel's son. The interview was a repetition of one which "Kimmel" had two years ago with Hunt at the Auburn penitentiary. Hunt, as he did two years ago, said "Kimmel" was laboring under an hallucination.

"Do you mean to say you're the Kimmel who used to live with us and who used to teach my little daughter her lessons?" asked Hunt.

Kimmel admitted he had no recollection of teaching Hunt's daughter.

"But," he said, "I remember your wife's name was Marjorie."

George Francis, chief of police, with a score of others, also repeated their doubt that he was the real Kimmel. The fact that so far he has been unable to convince Mrs. Kimmel was pointed to as substantiating their doubt.

Persons in Arkansas City and St. Louis, where Mrs. Kimmel's son lived after leaving Niles, sent telegrams and letters to her today advising her not to accept "Kimmel" as her son.

Los Angeles, Sept. 21.—Cyrus Chapin, secretary of Chief of Police Sebastian, and formerly an operative of a detective agency, has telegraphed to the authorities at Niles, Mich., an offer to assist in clearing up the mystery surrounding the identity of the man claiming to be George A. Kimmel, who disappeared thirteen years ago. Chapin says that he has data which will enable him positively to identify the real Kimmel.

Arkansas City, Kan., Sept. 21.—That Andrew J. White, the former convict, who alleges he is George A. Kimmel, is none other than a man who worked here as a piano salesman several years ago is the growing belief. Samples of the handwriting of the piano salesman and the man who represents himself as Kimmel were compared today and show marked similarity.

### BROOKLYN ADVERTISEMENTS.

## Sterling Pianos

There isn't any piano that excels the Sterling in real musical satisfaction.

It is also

### A Fact

acknowledged in the music world, that when you buy a Sterling you buy property that has a value, more and more widely appreciated every day.

The Sterling Piano has distinctive features that make it quite different from other pianos and the envy of dealers who job pianos as merchandise.

Aside from the

### Price Advantages

of dealing direct with the makers, you are in the closest touch with a large business having over half a century of manufacturing and selling experience, the most interested in giving you permanent satisfaction.

If you are going to buy a piano it will certainly pay you to examine the Sterling.

We have slightly used and second-hand pianos at savings of

**\$50 to \$150**

and will give you the most liberal terms by the month to pay for them.

## The Sterling Piano Co.

Sterling Building  
518-520 Fulton St., Brooklyn  
Corner Hanover Place

## PHYSICIAN SUES BANKER

Continued from first page.

resulting in a loss, and concealing the profits, the physician said.

About a year ago the brokerage firm of Ullman & Co. sued Dr. Baruch for \$12,227. He was ordered to testify before trial, and failing to obey the order of the court, Justice Bijur fined the doctor \$50.

Mr. Young's Lawyer Talks.

When Mr. Young learned last night of the suit of Dr. Baruch, he retained the law firm of Kearny & Dickinson as his counsel, and Howard C. Dickinson explained some details of the action. Mr. Dickinson said that in November, 1910, Mr. Young sued Dr. Baruch for \$68,000 for money that he had lent him for his speculations, and Dr. Baruch soon thereafter brought the present suit for accounting.

James Russell Soley, who died on September 11 last, was then counsel for Mr. Young. He decided to withdraw Mr. Young's suit and put in a counter claim to the action brought by Dr. Baruch, who then had twenty days to file an amended answer. The matter dragged along, the time for the serving of the amended answer being postponed from time to time by stipulation. Then, on last Wednesday, another complaint was filed at the office of Mr. Soley in the action of Dr. Baruch.

Russell H. Robbins, of that office, refused to give an admission of service because of the death of Mr. Soley, as Mr. Young had not designated new counsel. The new paper, however, was not an amended complaint, but was identical with the original complaint. It was returned to the office of counsel for Dr. Baruch because no one at the office of Mr. Soley had authority to accept it.

Said Mr. Dickinson last night: "On September 1 the new law went into effect requiring the filing of the complaints in all actions within three days after service. Although as a matter of fact the complaint in this case remains unchanged, Dr. Baruch files it in the County Clerk's office. His purpose we suppose was to get the publicity and notoriety that the bringing of the suit originally did not give him."

"The proper procedure would have been to wait thirty days after the designation of new counsel by Mr. Young to succeed Mr. Soley. As it is, the original complaint need not to be filed because it antedates the new law."

### TO SEEK CLERK'S SLAYERS

Jewellers to Make Combined Effort to Catch Auto Robbers.

Each of ten thousand manufacturing, jobbing and retail jewellers in the United States will soon become a seeker for men who slew Joseph Stern, and robbed his employer of gems valued at \$5,000, six weeks ago. It plans now under consideration by a committee chosen from their associations are approved. The committee will make its report within a few days, and the three organizations it represents are pledged to pursue whatever line of action may be outlined.

Delegates of the associations met here at the invitation of the Jewellers' Board of Trade, an organization composed of retail jewellers in every section of the country. The board has just issued a "fighting fund" of \$10,000, to be used in any part of the country at a moment's notice for the capture of persons who swindle or rob jewellers. Stored away in the files of thirty thousand names kept by the board there is a record of every person in the country who has been convicted of robbing jewellers.

The board keeps close tabs on these men, and can usually place its agents on their trail, where the thieves have been discharged from prison, at short notice. Two branch offices, at Chicago and Providence, R. I., contain similar information concerning operations in their respective territories, while a third office is soon to be opened in San Francisco.

### NEW YORK MAN A BIGAMIST

Robert F. Martin to Serve Four Months in Delaware Workhouse.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)  
Wilmington, Del., Sept. 21.—Robert F. Martin, of New York, president of the Alhambra, Clay Working Company, today was sentenced to four months' imprisonment in the workhouse on a charge of bigamy preferred by his first wife. She said they were married in New York in 1898 and that he never wholly supported her or her children.

Mrs. Martin asked to consent to a divorce, but before it was granted he married Miss Mattie Zahn, a nurse who had cared for the first Mrs. Martin. He was married in this city by the Rev. George L. Wolf, and therefore the action was brought by the first wife in the Delaware courts.

The defence of Martin was that he had been informed, after a New Jersey lawyer had been retained to remarry, as he had brought action for divorce.

### REOPENS "MASHER'S" CASE

Complainants Not Telephone Girls, Judge Foster Learns.

David Solomon, who was sentenced to five days in the workhouse by Magistrate Krotel on Tuesday in the night court, on complaint of Pearl Turner, of No. 338 Summit avenue, Jersey city, and Evelyn Burke, of No. 129 East 17th street, who alleged that he had insulted them, was released in \$250 bail yesterday by Judge Foster, in General Sessions. A motion for a review of the case was granted.

Accompanying the motion was a letter from H. J. Schultz, a superintendent of the New York Telephone Company, denying Miss Turner's statement to Magistrate Krotel that she was an employee of that company, an affidavit by Isidore Abraham, application of No. 150 Chrystie street, a dealer in hair goods, who set forth that he knew both complainants, and that they had worked in certain massage and manicure establishments in the city.

Solomon was said to be a fictitious name of the defendant, who, it is alleged, is in reality a wealthy Chicago dealer.

Solomon was released on bail by Magistrate Krotel, in the men's night court last night. Attorney Rosenberg told the court that in the event his client is proved innocent a charge of perjury would be made against the girls who caused his arrest.

### SCORES OF PLACES EXEMPTED

Civil Service Board Acts on Those in State and County Service.

Albany, Sept. 21.—Scores of places in state and county service, the majority of which were created this year, have been placed in the exempt and non-competitive schedules by the State Civil Service Commission, subject to the approval of Governor Dix. The salaries range from \$1,000 to \$4,500 a year.

The appointment of Harry J. Willis as chief engineer in the State Department of Highways was approved today under suspension of the rule requiring examination, as was also the appointment of Dr. Theodore L. Townsend, of New York, as first assistant physician at the Englishtown State Hospital.

The application of the State Highway Commission in the classification in the exempt class of six places of division engineer was laid on the table.

## WAR GAME IN THE AIR

Thirty-six Aviators, Including Four Women, to Fly at Big Meet.

### HUNT FOR HIDDEN TROOPS

General Grant and Chinese Admiral Will Receive Reports from Aerial Spies.

They'll be off again at Nassau Boulevard aerodrome tomorrow afternoon, and if the weather holds good they'll be going every day up to and including October 1.

It's the Nassau Boulevard international aviation meet this time, with thirty-six aviators, including almost all the big American flyers, from "Uncle Tom" Baldwin to "Lucky Harry" Atwood. Four officers from the United States army and two from the United States navy, all on leave of absence; four women flyers, several French entrants, and the ever-reliable Grahame-White and Sopwith, from England, give this meet a military-naval, feminine, international and whatnot air.

The opening day, to-morrow, has been designated as "Army and Navy Day" because of the promised attendance of General Grant, Rear Admiral Ostroffsky and Admiral Chang, of the Chinese navy, and two American officers, with their staffs, are to take luncheon with the Chinese admiral aboard his flagship, the Hai Chi, and then proceed by automobile, with Admiral Chang and his staff, to the Nassau Boulevard field.

An aerial scouting contest is scheduled for the second event to-morrow afternoon, and General Grant has detailed two companies of the 35th, under Major Rodgers, to act in this little war game. The object of these two companies will be to march from the aviation field and concealed in different detachments in the neighborhood of the field. Then the "plane men" will be turned loose, at a signal from General Grant, and the first alarm to be back to the general's headquarters and description of the first prize, of \$500. Second and third prizes, of \$250 and \$100, respectively.

Three o'clock each day is the scheduled starting time, and to-morrow at that hour a passenger carrying contest for money planes will open the hunt. There is a prize list which totals \$1,000 for that event, and it will be followed by the scouting contest described above.

After that, and scheduled to start at 4:15 p. m., the aeroplanes will try to catch in the air small balloons sent up from the field with messages. The flyer who makes the best score in this contest receives \$500, with \$150 and \$50 for the next two.

A "cross-country" race for women flyers, with a \$1,000 prize list, follows, and then a "cross-country" race for airplanes, for the same amount in prizes.

Before the meet is officially opened to-morrow afternoon Captain Paul W. Beck, one of the army aviators, will try out his Wright machine as a preliminary to the "aerial postal service" he expects to start and handle during the progress of the meet. Under the management of the Post-office Department an outgoing mail station will be conducted on the grounds every day of the meet. Cards will pass through the stands collecting the mail, and will take it to the big tent where the judges' stand, which is labelled "U. S. P. O. Aero Sta. No. 1." There it will be stamped with a cancellation stamp comprising the same words as the title of the station, and also with a further stamp, to lend it government value, "Aerial Postal Delivery."

With these formalities over, Captain Beck will lead an army of mail sacks as he can handle and carry them by the air route to a designated postoffice on the line of the Long Island Railroad.

"The Long Island road has arranged to run 'aviation specials,' as was done at the Belmont Park meet last fall.

### RODGERS FLIES 95 MILES

Covers Distance in 78 Minutes—Ward Stalled at Addition.

Hancock, N. Y., Sept. 21.—C. P. Rodgers, the aviator, reached a point near this place at 3:28 p. m. today, after a flight of ninety-five miles from Middletown. With a strong wind at his back he flew the distance in the fast time of 78 minutes.

Rodgers came down because of engine trouble. He had been anxious to undertake James J. Ward, his competitor, who was stalled in Addition, N. Y., today by bad weather.

### CALLS REPORTERS; "NOT IN"

Mysterious Message Says Mrs. Suydam and Noble Will Sail.

Telephone messages last night from a man who said he was Frederick Noble called a dozen reporters to the Regina apartments, at No. 32 West 12th street, where Mrs. Walter Lisenauer Suydam, Jr., who recently left her husband's home at Blue Point, Long Island, is living. The man who spoke as Noble informed several morning newspapers that Noble and Mrs. Suydam would sail for Europe today, and wanted to give out a statement.

The speaker also said that Noble and Mrs. Suydam would pose for any photographers sent by the newspapers. Half-past seven was the time set for the interview.

When the first reporters arrived they were informed that Mr. Noble and Mrs. Suydam were not in. Later, when a dozen reporters and photographers had arrived, they were informed that Mr. Noble and Mrs. Suydam would not see any one.

Noble refused to give any explanation of the messages or to say whether he was the man who had been at the telephone.

### THINKS MARRIAGE ILLEGAL

Yonkers Clerk, Who Issued License, Objects to Wedding Here.

Scott K. Walnwright, of Cambridge, Mass., and Miss Florence N. Page, of Malden, Mass., obtained a marriage license in Yonkers yesterday and were married later in the day in this city by the Rev. James Sheerin, of No. 7 West 18th street.

When the City Clerk of Yonkers learned of the marriage he questioned its legality, saying the law required that persons from other states marrying in this state must have the ceremony performed in the place where the license was issued.

Mr. Walnwright is said to be a senior at Harvard and his bride a gasfitter's daughter.

The Yonkers Clerk also issued a marriage license yesterday for Miss Emma H. Rice, of Weston, a suburb of Boston, and N. E. Sovay, a lawyer, of Manhattan. They said they would be married in Yonkers.

### D., L. & W. STRIKE MAY GROW

Track Men's Work Put on Other Classes of Employees.

Scranton, Penn., Sept. 21.—The spread of the strike of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western switchmen to the building and bridge men and the signal men is threatened. The former class have been told to hold themselves in readiness to help out on track work in case of emergency, and the signal men have been already set to work to tend the switch lights, a duty that formerly devolved on the track men.

Eleven of the signal men who refused to obey the order have been discharged, according to the track men's statement, but the company denies it.

## BOY TELLS OF BOMB WORK

Police Say Youth Who Confesses Is Crazy, but Is Guilty.

### POWDER FOUND IN ROOM

Admits Making Deadly Things with Gas Pipe and Setting Them Off for Fun.

Walter Mikoluejki, eighteen years old, who, the police say, is probably insane, sat for two hours in Commissioner Dougherty's office at Police Headquarters last evening and told how he had planned and carried out three bomb explosions in Manhattan this week.

Although the boy went into great detail and explained with pleased interest every move in his career as a bomber, the police said they may know about the bomb explosions, which began as far back as July 1. Mikoluejki will be taken to the Harlem court this morning, and the police will ask that he be committed to Bellevue, where he may be examined as to his sanity.

The youth, whose operations, on his own confession, since Monday night have kept several Italian quarters in a tremor of fear, was arrested yesterday morning about two hours after the formation of a police dragnet in charge of Lieutenant Brown, of the East 86th street station. So much pressure had been brought to bear upon the police since the bomb scare began that Brown decided to begin a house-to-house canvass for the offender.

The round-up had worked up Second avenue as far as No. 181, when Detective Walsh, Redmond and Mancini became interested in a remark dropped by the woman janitor at that number. She said there was a young fellow on the top floor that had had a lot of powder in his room. The detectives went upstairs, where they found Mikoluejki and placed him under arrest.

It was not until their prisoner was landed at headquarters, however, that his captors realized the importance of the arrest, and the stories he began to tell led to the interview with the Commissioner last evening, in which he is alleged to have related the story of his labors with the bomb.

The youth sat easily in a chair in front of the Commissioner and explained, according to the police, that although he had always liked to hear "big noise" he had never tried to make any himself until last Monday. He had a small brass cannon which for several years he had enjoyed firing off, but Monday it had occurred to him that he might make something of the sort himself.

He went to the Winchester Arms Company, at No. 312 Broadway, and bought twenty-five saluting shells, the police say. Mikoluejki told them, and then went down in 104th street to a building between Second and Third avenues, where he found several short lengths of gas pipe. He took these pieces home and started in to make bombs.

He first took a piece of pipe, six inches long, the police say, he confessed, plugged the ends and loaded it with powder out of the saluting shells. About mid-way of the pipe he bored a small hole. About 10 o'clock that night he went to a vacant lot in 96th street, between First and Second avenues, the story goes, where he propped up the pipe, made a crude fuse out of powder and pieces of paper, and set a match to it. The explosion, which followed, brought out every one within five feet.

As first Mikoluejki was frightened when he ran away, but afterwards he came back and mixed with the crowds, enjoying the excitement and listening to the comments made. Then he went home.

Tuesday, the police say Mikoluejki continued, he waited till midnight, when he took another bomb, this time an eight-inch one, and exploded it in the yard in front of the public school at No. 41 East 104th street. Pleased with the excitement that followed that night, he went to the roof of the building at No. 181 Second avenue on Wednesday morning and there touched off a fourteen-inch bomb. Although the roofs swarmed with people after the explosion, Mikoluejki says he got away without being suspected.

Mikoluejki denies that he knows anything about the bombs exploded before last Monday. The boy is of Polish extraction. He lives with his parents at the address where he was found yesterday. He says that up to 16th street he was employed by M. Cantor, a bookbinder, at No. 194 Second avenue.

### INDICT ALLEGED BOMB PLANTER.

Giovanni Rizzo, who was arrested last Friday in the act of lighting a bomb, is alleged, in the hallway of No. 556 East 13th street, was indicted by the grand jury yesterday for violation of the new Sullivan postal law. Under that law any foreigner having in his possession a deadly weapon is guilty of a felony, punishable by seven years in state prison.

### GIRL WRECKS AUTO; HURT

Nephew of Martin Maloney in Crash with Three Friends.

Lakewood, N. J., Sept. 21.—Miss Florence Dennison was seriously injured last night while trying to drive an automobile in which Joseph Maloney, nephew of Martin Maloney, was taking three friends for a drive.

In the machine were John Dubbins, a Lafayette College student; Miss Gladys Savage, Miss Dennison and Mr. Maloney. They drove to Toms River, ten miles distant, and were returning. Miss Dennison took the wheel. In a stretch of good road Miss Dennison put on speed and was making thirty-five miles an hour when the machine struck a rut, swerved and ran into a tree. All the occupants of the car were thrown out on the ground. Miss Savage and the two men escaped with minor cuts and bruises, but Miss Dennison had several ribs broken. She was taken to the Lakewood Hospital in another automobile. Maloney's machine was badly wrecked.

### EXPLOSIONS UNDER CARS

Echo of Brooklyn Strike Seen in Two Attempts.

Two explosions of unknown origin took place last night beneath cars of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad. The first occurred at 6:45 o'clock, when car No. 504 was running along Franklin avenue, between Crown and Montgomery streets. The passengers were badly shaken up but no injuries resulted.

Ten minutes later another explosion took place beneath car No. 348, on the south-bound track, at Lincoln Place and Franklin avenue. A broken glass ventilator was the only damage done. It is believed that the explosions were due to the recent strike on the Coney Island & Brooklyn line.

### BLOOMINGDALES' FALL STYLES

Store Displays Large Assortment of Articles of Women's Wear.

Bloomigdale Bros.' big store, at 31th street and Third avenue, is all a-bloom with new millinery creations and examples of gowns, suits and women's wear generally. Without the ceremony attending a formal fall opening, the store is displaying a large assortment of the favored models in dresses, suits, gowns, frocks, coats and skirts, and an attractive collection of Parisian and American-made hats for all occasions.

Waters in the newest styles and furs of all descriptions will be found there in abundance.

## GROSSCUP IS INDIGNANT

Will Keep Seat on Bench Until Critics Make Charges.

### THEN WILL ASK FOR INQUIRY

Office of His Former Secretary Broken Open and Private Papers Photographed.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Peter S. Grosscup, presiding judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Northern District of Illinois, announced today that he will not send his resignation to President Taft until the threatened publication of charges and criticisms of his judicial career has been made and he has taken such action as he deems fit to vindicate himself.

The jurist said he would invite a far-reaching investigation of his official conduct and urge the appointment of a committee of prominent men to investigate all charges that may be brought against him by responsible persons.

That a former government Secret Service agent, who is reported to have shadowed Judge Grosscup for two years, obtained important papers in the possession of Marshall E. Sampell, former private secretary to the judge and one of the receivers of the Union Traction Company, by breaking into Mr. Sampell's downtown office, was charged today by Judge Grosscup and Mr. Sampell.

"I shall follow the course best calculated to vindicate my integrity before the public," said Judge Grosscup. "From what Mr. Sampell told me today, somebody must have robbed his office to get certain private papers, of which photographs were shown him. No one need loot my office, for I will show everything. They were trying to show a connection between him and me. He received \$15,000 a year as receiver, and if any one can show he got more it will be a great surprise to me."

"When Roosevelt was President I remonstrated with him for putting a complaint against me in the files of the Department of Justice, and said he had no more right to do that than I had to file a libel against him with the clerk of the court. Roosevelt said he must put it somewhere, and finally told me he had put it in with the many letters he received about himself."

Judge Grosscup said that there could not be substantiated the published statement that the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals overruling the \$2,000,000 fine in the Standard Oil Company case was known in Wall Street a day before it was read in court.

### STEEL STOCKS IN DROP

Continued from first page.

standing \$708,392,500 common stock and \$390,281,100 preferred, held by about one hundred and twenty thousand shareholders. It has also two classes of bonds, the first mortgage issue, of which Andrew Carnegie is the principal holder, amounting to \$274,412,000, and the sinking fund bonds, also paying 5 per cent interest, being \$189,601,500 in volume.

The Steel Corporation is a combination of many corporations, the Federal Steel Company, the Carnegie Steel Company, the American Steel and Wire Company, the American Bridge Company, the National Tube Company, the American Sheet Steel Company and the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines having been taken in at the outset, ten years ago. Other corporations which have since been acquired are the Shelby Steel Tube Company, the Union Steel Company, the Clairton Steel Company, the Universal Portland Cement Company, and, latest of all, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company.

Most of these companies are themselves combinations of several companies each, and would be obliged to divest themselves of their ownership of these subsidiaries, which would after the lapse of a dozen and more years become again independent units, although the chief holders of United States Steel stock would, of course, be the principal owners of the individual concerns.

Among the collateral consequences of the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation, it may be noted, would be the termination of the profit-sharing plan, which has been in operation almost from the beginning of the corporation's existence, and the winding up of the pension system, both of which features also figure in the International Harvester Company.

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Washington, Sept. 21.—So far as is known here, the attention which the Department of Justice has been directing to the United States Steel Corporation consists mainly of investigation. It is not thought in official circles here that the matter has progressed to a point where it can be said that the government is about to bring a suit for the dissolution of the corporation.

Solicitor General Lehmann has been in full command of the government's investigations, and he has repeatedly declined to say what their status is.

In view of the government's attitude toward the International Harvester Company, which is to permit the company to readjust its organization to conform with the recent interpretation of the Sherman law and thereby avoid hostile action by the Department of Justice, it is generally thought here that the Steel Corporation will have a like opportunity to change any features to which the government objects, if any such exist.

### NEW ANCHOR LINER HERE

Cameron Comes In with 1,500 Passengers on Maiden Voyage.